# Kopernik Solutions, Inc.

Financial Statements as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2012, and Independent Auditors' Report

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**Deloitte & Touche LLP** 2 Jericho Plaza Jericho, NY 11753 USA

Tel: +1 516 918 7000 Fax: +1 516 918 7419 www.deloitte.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Kopernik Solutions, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kopernik Solutions, Inc. ("Kopernik"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Firm's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Firm's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kopernik as of December 31, 2012, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

October 2, 2013

Deloitte & Tombe LLP

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS	
CASH	\$ 41,017
GRANTS RECEIVABLE	400,000
PREPAID EXPENSES	19,800
Total current assets	460,817
CAPITAL ASSETS — Net	23,832
TOTAL ASSETS	\$484,649
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES — Accrued expenses	\$ 22,967
Total liabilities	22,967
NET ASSETS — Unrestricted net assets Temporarily restricted net assets	61,682 400,000
	461,682

See notes to financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
REVENUES:			
Contributions:			
Corporate	\$ 81,171	\$400,000	\$481,171
Individuals	114,121		114,121
Foundations and trusts	37,688		37,688
	232,980	400,000	632,980
Product sales	53,596		53,596
In-kind contributions	41,392		41,392
Other	29,264		29,264
Total revenue	357,232	400,000	757,232
EXPENSES:			
Fundraising costs	32,319		32,319
Program costs	421,384		421,384
General and administrative expenses	108,686		108,686
Total expenses	562,389		562,389
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS	(205,157)	400,000	194,843
NET ASSETS — Beginning of year	266,839		266,839
NET ASSETS — End of year	\$ 61,682	\$400,000	\$461,682

See notes to financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES — Changes in net assets Reconciliation of net assets to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	\$ 194,843 6,959
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in prepaid expenses Increase in receivables Increase in accrued expenses	(9,823) (395,691) 14,509
Net cash used in operating activities	(189,203)
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES — Additions to capital assets	(2,221)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	(191,424)
CASH — Beginning of year	232,441
CASH — End of year	\$ 41,017

See notes to financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

#### 1. ORGANIZATION

Kopernik Solutions, Inc. ("Kopernik"), is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York. Kopernik has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) under section 501(c)(3) of the IRS code. Kopernik organizes events in order to solicit funds that are used to provide free and clean energy to third world countries that are in need of such assistance.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Basis of Presentation** — The accompanying financial statements of Kopernik have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Kopernik accounts for and reports on its net assets based upon the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose donor-imposed restrictions as to a specific purpose or time have not been met. Permanently restricted net assets are those with donor-imposed restrictions on the corpus of the gifts specifying they be maintained in perpetuity. Unrestricted net assets include all resources that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Currently, there are no permanently restricted net assets.

Kopernik has elected to present a statement of financial position ("balance sheet") that sequences assets and liabilities based on their relative liquidity.

**Use of Estimates** — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Management considers these differences as immaterial and accordingly do not impact the overall financial condition or results of operations reported on these financial statements

**Concentration of Credit Risk** — The funds of Kopernik are primarily deposited in banks that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At certain times, deposits may exceed FDIC insured limits. In addition, there are funds in accounts outside of the United States that are not insured by the FDIC or a similar organization.

**Contributions** — Contributions are recognized at the time a donor makes an unconditional pledge or promise.

**Income Taxes** — As described in Note 1, Kopernik is organized under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and is exempt from all federal, state, and local taxes. Accordingly no provision for income taxes is required.

**Uncertain Tax Positions** — Kopernik complies with the requirements to review its operation to ascertain whether or not they have taken any uncertain tax positions. This review has not resulted in the recognition of any tax liabilities.

**Depreciation and Amortization** — Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method based upon estimated useful lives, generally five to seven years for office furniture and fixtures, computers and automotive, and over the remaining life of the lease for leasehold improvements.

### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS — NET

Capital assets at December 31, 2012, consist of the following:

Office furniture and equipment Computers Leasehold improvements	\$ 8,249 23,419 7,464
	39,132
Less accumulated depreciation	15,300
	\$23,832

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2012, was \$3,964 and \$2,995, respectively.

### 4. TAXES

Kopernik qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and, accordingly, is not subject to federal income taxes.

### 5. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses at December 31, 2012, consist of the following:

Amortization expense 2,995 Office maintenance cost 2,107 Telephone expense 7,557
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Telephone expense 7,557
Rent 7,572
Professional fees 40,305
Bank charges and fees 5,874
Postage 2,341
Supplies 5,201
Training and development 1,606
Working/business visa costs 6,321
Website maintenance 4,379
IT connection/communication costs 8,416
Miscellaneous 10,048

\$108,686

### 6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 2, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

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